

# 2025 적분 챔피언십: 최종진출전

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## 최종진출전

\* 참가자 수 변경으로 인해 6번 문제부터 출제되었습니다.

### 문제 6

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{\log x} - \frac{1}{(\log x)^2} \right) dx$$

풀이.  $(x/(\log x))' = 1/(\log x) - 1/(\log x)^2$  이므로

$$I = \boxed{\frac{x}{\log x}}$$

### 문제 7

$$\int \log \left( 1 + \frac{1}{x} \right)^x dx$$

풀이. 부분적분 하면

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int x \log \left( 1 + \frac{1}{x} \right) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log \left( 1 + \frac{1}{x} \right) - \int \left( -\frac{1}{x^2 + x} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^2 dx \\ &= \boxed{\frac{1}{2} x^2 \log \left( 1 + \frac{1}{x} \right) + \frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{x} \log(x+1)} \end{aligned}$$

### 문제 8

$$\int_0^1 \cos(1 + \log(x)) dx$$

풀이.  $t = 1 + \log(x)$ 로 치환하면

$$I = \int_{-\infty}^1 e^{t-1} \cos t dt = \frac{1}{e} \left[ \frac{1}{2} e^t (\cos t + \sin t) \right]_{-\infty}^1 = \boxed{\frac{\cos(1) + \sin(1)}{2}}$$

**문제 9**

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{1+2nx^2+(n^2-1)x^4} dx$$

풀이.

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{1+2nx^2+(n^2-1)x^4} dx &= \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{1+(n-1)x^2} - \frac{1}{1+(n+1)x^2} \right) dx \\ &= \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{n-1}} - \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{n+1}} \right) \\ &= \frac{\pi}{4} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \boxed{\frac{(2+\sqrt{2})\pi}{8}} \end{aligned}$$

**문제 10**

$$\int \sec^2(x)(1+2\tan(x))e^x dx$$

풀이.  $(\sec^2(x)e^x)' = \sec^2(x)e^x + 2\sec(x) \cdot 2\sec(x)e^x \cdot \sec(x)\tan(x) = \sec^2(x)(1+2\tan(x))e^x$  이다.

$$I = \boxed{\sec^2(x)e^x}$$

**문제 11**

$$\int \left( x - \frac{1}{x^3} \right) \cosh\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) e^x dx$$

풀이.

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \frac{1}{2} \int \left( x - \frac{1}{x^3} \right) \left( e^{x+\frac{1}{x}} + e^{x-\frac{1}{x}} \right) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left( \int \left( 1 - \frac{1}{x^2} \right) \left( x + \frac{1}{x} \right) e^{x+\frac{1}{x}} dx + \int \left( 1 + \frac{1}{x^2} \right) \left( x - \frac{1}{x} \right) e^{x-\frac{1}{x}} dx \right) \\ &= \boxed{\frac{1}{2} \left( \left( x + \frac{1}{x} - 1 \right) e^{x+\frac{1}{x}} + \left( x - \frac{1}{x} - 1 \right) e^{x-\frac{1}{x}} \right)} \end{aligned}$$

**문제 12**

$$\int \frac{e^x(x\cos x + (x-1)\sin x)}{x^2} dx$$

풀이.

$$\left( \frac{e^x \sin x}{x} \right)' = \frac{e^x (\sin x + \cos x) \cdot x - e^x \sin x}{x^2} = \frac{e^x (x \cos x + (x-1) \sin x)}{x^2}$$

○]므로

$$I = \boxed{\frac{e^x \sin x}{x}}$$

### 문제 13

$$\int \frac{\arctan x}{(x^2 + 1)^2} dx$$

풀이].  $t = \arctan x$ 로 치환하면

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int t \cos^2 t dt = \frac{1}{2} \int t(1 + \cos 2t) dt \\ &= \frac{1}{4} t^2 + \frac{1}{4} t \sin 2t + \frac{1}{8} \cos 2t = \boxed{\frac{1}{4} \arctan^2(x) + \frac{x \arctan(x)}{2(x^2 + 1)} + \frac{1 - x^2}{8(x^2 + 1)}} \end{aligned}$$

### 문제 14

$$\int \sqrt{e^x + 1} dx$$

풀이].  $t = \sqrt{e^x + 1}$ 로 치환하면

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int \frac{2t^2}{t^2 - 1} dt = \int \left( 2 + \frac{1}{t-1} - \frac{1}{t+1} \right) dt \\ &= 2t + \log\left(\frac{t-1}{t+1}\right) = \boxed{2\sqrt{e^x + 1} + \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^x + 1} - 1}{\sqrt{e^x + 1} + 1}\right)} \end{aligned}$$

### 문제 15

$$\int_0^{2025\pi} \left\lfloor \frac{3}{2} + \sin x \right\rfloor dx$$

풀이].

$$\left\lfloor \frac{3}{2} + \sin x \right\rfloor = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{when } \sin x < -1/2 \\ 1, & \text{when } -1/2 \leq \sin x < 1/2 \\ 2, & \text{when } \sin x \geq 1/2 \end{cases}$$

○]다.  $\sin x$ 의 주기성에 의해

$$\begin{aligned}
I &= 1012 \cdot \int_0^{2\pi} \left\lfloor \frac{3}{2} + \sin x \right\rfloor dx + \int_0^{\pi} \left\lfloor \frac{3}{2} + \sin x \right\rfloor dx \\
&= 1012 \left( 2 \cdot \frac{2\pi}{3} + 1 \cdot \frac{2\pi}{3} + 0 \cdot \frac{2\pi}{3} \right) + \left( 2 \cdot \frac{2\pi}{3} + 1 \cdot \frac{\pi}{3} \right) = \boxed{\frac{6077}{3}\pi}
\end{aligned}$$

### 문제 16

$$\int_0^1 \sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x) dx$$

풀이].  $t = \arcsin(x)$ 로 치환하면

$$\begin{aligned}
I &= \int_0^{\pi/2} t \cos^2 t dt = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi/2} t(1 + \cos 2t) dt \\
&= \left[ \frac{1}{4}t^2 + \frac{1}{4}t \sin 2t + \frac{1}{8} \cos 2t \right]_0^{\pi/2} = \boxed{\frac{\pi^2}{16} - \frac{1}{4}}
\end{aligned}$$

### 문제 17

$$\int \frac{1}{1+20 \sin x + 25 \cos x} dx$$

풀이]. 바이어슈트라스 치환  $t = \tan(x/2)$ 를 사용하면

$$\begin{aligned}
I &= \int \frac{1}{1+20 \cdot \frac{2t}{t^2+1} + 25 \cdot \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2}} \frac{2}{1+t^2} dt = \int \frac{2}{-24t^2 + 40t + 26} dt \\
&= -\frac{1}{12} \int \frac{1}{(t+\frac{1}{2})(t-\frac{13}{6})} dt = \frac{1}{32} \int \left( \frac{1}{t-\frac{13}{6}} - \frac{1}{t+\frac{1}{2}} \right) dt \\
&= \frac{1}{32} \log \left( \frac{t+\frac{1}{2}}{t-\frac{13}{6}} \right) \stackrel{+C}{=} \boxed{\frac{1}{32} \log \left( \frac{2 \tan(x/2) + 1}{6 \tan(x/2) - 13} \right)}
\end{aligned}$$

### 문제 18

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 2^x 3^{-4^x} dx$$

풀이].  $t = 2^x$ 로 치환하면

$$I = \frac{1}{\log 2} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-(\log 3)t^2} dt = \boxed{\frac{1}{2 \log 2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{\log 3}}}$$

**문제 19**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x} dx$$

**풀이**.  $\sin^4(x) + \cos^4(x) = (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)^2 - 2 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \sin^2 2x = 4/(3 + \cos 4x)$  이므로

$$I = \int \frac{4}{3 + \cos 4x} dx$$

바이어슈트라스 치환  $t = \tan(2x)$ 를 사용하면

$$I = \int \frac{4}{3 + \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2}} \frac{1}{2(1+t^2)} dt = \int \frac{1}{t^2+2} dt = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\tan 2x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}$$

**문제 20**

$$\int_0^{2025} \frac{\log(2025-x)}{\sqrt{2025x-x^2}} dx$$

**풀이**.  $x = 2025 \sin^2 t$ 로 치환하면

$$I = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\log(2025 \cos^2 t)}{2025 \sin t \cos t} \cdot 2 \cdot 2025 \sin t \cos t dt = 2 \int_0^{\pi/2} (\log 2025 + 2 \log \cos t) dt$$

이때  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \log \cos t dt = -\frac{\pi}{2} \log 2$  이므로

$$I = 2\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \log 2025 - \pi \log 2\right) = \pi \log \frac{2025}{4} = \boxed{2\pi \log \frac{45}{2}}$$